CARING FOR YOUR B2C FURNITURE

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HARDWOOD



Dust often with a gentle microfibre cloth to prevent buildup and scratches.



Skip harsh chemicals! Use a damp cloth for quick spills. Or mix mild dish soap with water and avoid soaking.



Direct sunlight fades and damages wood. Opt for curtains or blinds to shield your furniture.



Use placemats and coasters to to avoid scratches and protect again heatmarks and warping from hot items.



Move with care: Lift, don't drag! Avoid scratches by using furniture pads and lifting evenly with a helper.

CARING FOR FABRIC

Regular vacuuming (with the upholstery attachment) removes dust and debris, keeping your fabric fresh and healthy.

Use a fabric protection spray to protect your fabric. Always do a patch test first in an inconspicuous area according to the product instructions before applying to entire fabric surface.

Act fast for spills! Blot with a clean, absorbent cloth (don't rub!). Use mild soap and water or an upholstery specific stain remover for tougher stains, but always test in an inconspicuous area first.

Direct sunlight fades fabric. Consider blinds or curtains to protect your furniture's vibrant colors.

Keep scissors, pet claws, and other sharp objects away from your fabric to prevent snags and tears.



Regularly plump cushions and rotate them to ensure even wear and tear.

CARING FOR STEEL



Regularly dust with a microfiber cloth to prevent dirt and grime buildup. Avoid harsh brushes or abrasive cloths that can scratch the coating.



Avoid harsh chemicals, abrasives, and solvents like acetone, as they can damage the coating.

Keep your furniture out of direct sunlight whenever possible. Prolonged sun exposure can cause fading.

GLASS



Regular dusting: Use a soft, dry microfiber cloth to remove dust particles that can scratch the surface over time.



Cleaning solution: Opt for a mild dish soap solution or a commercial glass cleaner for fingerprints, smudges, or light grime.



Drying: After cleaning, use a separate dry microfiber cloth to buff the surface and prevent streaks. Avoid paper towels or newspaper as they can leave tiny scratches.



Avoid harsh chemicals: Never use abrasive cleaners, ammonia-based products, cream cleansers or scouring pads on glass furniture as they can damage the surface.



Coasters and placemats: Always use coasters or placemats for hot or cold beverages and dishes to prevent heat rings, stains and further scratches.

OUTDOOR FURNITURE



Acacia Wood

To maintain the colour of your furniture it is recommended to lightly sand back your timber furniture and apply a clear sealant annually. Waxing can be done approx. once per year, oiling twice a year to maintain your acacia wood in top condition.



Bamboo & Banana Leaf Wicker

Restore unpainted or natural wicker to its warm glow, first use a brush to remove dust & debris, than rub it with linseed oil (available at art supply stores), and gently wipe off the excess. Let freshly-oiled chairs dry for several days before sitting on them or add cushions to keep the oil off your clothing.



Recycled Wicker & Rope

To remove dust, wash the furniture down with a hose or a dampened cloth or a soft bristle brush with mild soap and water. Let dry naturally. Do not use high pressure cleaners or harsh chemicals to clean.



Outdoor Fabric

Use a soft bristle brush to brush away any debris regularly. Wash removable outdoor cushion covers in machine on a cold cycle. Air dry in a dry warm environment before replacing

** For **outdoor furniture** we recommend positioning it undercover where possible or using a furniture cover when not in use to avoid fading from prolonged sun exposure**

NOTE: Locations close to the beach are prone to deteriorating outdoor furniture faster due to the higher content of salt in the air.

RUGS

General care instructions for rugs:



Vacuum lightly to remove debris and loose fibres - avoid using brush attachments as this may damage finer fibres like silk and viscose.



Do not wash or dry clean. In case of spill dab with a damp cloth - do not rub!

Avoid placing rugs is damp/wet areas as this can harbour mold and mildew. DO NOT use water on viscose rugs



Rotate rugs every couple of month to ensure even wear across the rugs surface.



Avoid direct sunlight as this may caused discolouration or fading overtime.



Do not use harsh chemicals, always patch test in an inconspicuous spot when using rug cleaning products.



To keep your rug odour free, you can air out regularly in the shade or sprinkle it with bicarb soda and leave to sit for 2 hours or overnight before vacuuming.

NOTE: Rugs made with natural fibres are prone to shedding - This is normal!

Handmade rugs are also prone to thread pop ups, this is also normal! As the rug is constructed using long pieces of fibre that are weaved and tied together. Loose threads can be pushed back through the rug. For particularly tricky threads that won't stay put, a small amount of fabric glue can be applied to hold the thread in place.